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Stockholm, July 17, O. S.

ON Sunday Evening last the King of Sweden arrived unexpected at Carlsberg, from his Progress to Gottenbourg. Yesterday arrived an Express for General Keith from Moscow, which was immediately forwarded to him at Romansoe; but as the Wind has been fair for two Days past, it is thought he will have been under Sail before that Courier could reach him.

Stockholm, July 20, O. S. On Wednesday last, the 28th Instant, there was a numerous Court at Carlsberg, to compliment his Swedish Majesty on his safe Return from his Progress to Gottenbourg. We hear that General Keith, with the Troops under his Command, sailed from Romansoe two Days ago.

Naples, July 15, N. S. Upon the Arrival of a Detachment, commanded by M. de Vargas, in the Abruzzo, the Enemy retired to the Borders of the Tronto. The Cities of Aquila, Teramo, and other Towns, have again submitted to the King. The Tribunal of Teramo has been abolished, and the Ministers of Aquila ordered into Confinement in the Fortress of Pescara. Brigadier Litale, Governor of Castle del' Ovo, has been appointed President of that Province, and a new Sett of Ministers is upon the Point of being nominated. M. Vargas has put the City of Aquila under Contribution for the Maintenance of the Troops. The Fiscal of Teramo has been ordered into Confinement at Civitella del Tronto. There are none of the Enemy's Troops in any Parts of the Kingdom.

Rome, July 18, N. S. Many Skirmishes have happened within these few Days between the Avant-Guards of the two Armies, which reciprocally cannonade each other with little or no Damage on either Side. They continue in their usual Situations, and are put to great Inconveniencies, the Neapolitans and Spaniards for Want of Provisions, and it is said that the Austrians have great Numbers sick from the Unwholsomeness of the Air. The Austrians have removed their Hospitals from Monte Rotondo to Tivoli and Civita Castellana, for the Benefit of the Air; and as Magazines are forming at Tivoli, it is thought that Prince Lobcowitz designs to invade the Kingdom of Naples by the Abruzzo in three Divisions, by Way of Rieti, Ascoli, and Tivoli.

Florence, July 21, N. S. On the 15th the Queen of Naples was delivered of a Princess at Gaeta, where Cardinal Spinelli the Archbishop of Naples, and many of the Nobility were invited to assist. On this Account, upon the 17th, great Rejoicings were made in the Neapolitan and Spanish Camp at Velletri. On the 17th arrived at Pisa from the Romagna, about 300 Horses out of the King of Naples's Stud, which the Austrian Hussars had lately seized in the Province of Aquila. They are to remain at Pisa till further Orders. Some little Time ago, a Party of Hussars intercepted the French Weekly Courier at Monterone, near Civita Vecchia, on his Return to France, and conducted him, with his Portmanteau, to Prince Lobcowitz at Nemi. A few Days after, another Bag of Letters for the Spanish Camp at Velletri, was seized by the Hussars at a Place called Torre di St. Lorenzo, near Nettuno. M. de Gages lately ordered 6000 Bomb Shells to be brought to his Camp from the Presidii of Tuscany, finding that he could not annoy the Austrians with his Cannon, though by Accounts from the latter the Bombs do very little Harm. Nothing material has occurred in either Army. There is Advice here, of Commodore Long's being arrived, with the Squadron under his Command, off Civita Vecchia.

Vienna, July 29, N. S. Above 40 battering Cannons have been ordered, and are actually upon the Road from Fribourg, to Prince Charles's Army in Alsatia.

Dantzick, August 1, N. S. The Marquis de la Chetardie arrived here Yesterday with a numerous Retinue, and lodges in the Suburbs under the Name of Baron Dandrie; he keeps incognito, to the great Satisfaction of the Town, which is thereby exempted from paying him the usual Honours, and would be puzzled how to behave towards him. He has bespoken 18 Post Horses, and it is said will take his Way from hence towards Franckfort. About fourteen Days ago arrived here a Person, who stiles himself a Captain, and recruits Men for the Service of the Emperor: As yet he has met with very little Encouragement. By Advice from Marienwerder of the 30th past, the Prussians encamped there amount to 6800, and encrease daily: It is said they have Artillery with them. All is quiet in Poland, and the King sets out next Month for Grodno.

Copenhagen, Aug. 1, N. S. We had Advice Yesterday of the 14th past, N. S. that a French Privateer from Calais, of 65 Tons, 80 Men, and 10 Guns, commanded by one Guillaume Denis, was then come into Bergen.

Paris, August 3, N. S. There is an Account from Nantes, of the 28th of last Month, that two English Men of War, with two Frigats and two Galliots, having appear'd, upon the 25th, off St. Nezaire, the People there had been

been in the utmoſt Conſternation. The Alarm-Bell was rung in all the Pariſhes along the Coaſt, and great Numbers aſſembled together; but the Engliſh diſappeared that Night, without having made any Deſcent, or committed any Manner of Hoſtilities. We hear from Toulon, that the Engliſh Fleet, conſiſting of 28 Ships of the Line, beſides Frigats, Bomb-Ketches, &c. is returned to the Iſlands of Hyeres, and keeps ſo good a Look-out upon the Coaſt of Provence, that none of our Trading Veſſels dare venture out of Port. The Ships that were to have ſailed from Toulon to meet Admiral Torres, were got into the outward Road, when the Engliſh Fleet returned; but thereupon they put back into the inner Road, where they are likely to continue, being in a Manner block'd up. They write from Breſt of the 20th of laſt Month, that upon the 18th a Squadron of 16 Men of War ſailed from thence, under the Command of Meſſ. Rockambaut and Neſmond, but to what Latitude they were bound, is hitherto a Secret.

Hambourg, Aug. 4, *N. S.* Letters from Dreſden bring Advice, that the Saxon Troops had received Orders to incamp, the ſeveral Regiments ſeparately, by the 1ſt of this Month.

Hambourg, Aug. 7, *N. S.* Yeſterday M. Heinzon, the Ruſſian Miniſter, received a Reſcript from his Court, informing him, that the Great Duke had been betrothed to the young Princeſs of Zerbſt, and that a Courier is upon his Way from Moſcow with the Orders of St. Andrew for the young Prince of Zerbſt and Princē George of Holſtein, and that of St. Catharine for the Prioreſs of Quedlimburgh and the Princeſs of Saxe Gotha, Aunts to her new Imperial Highneſs. The Motion of the Pruſſian Troops, the Uncertainty where they are to direct their March, and the Embargo laid by Order of the King of Pruſſia, upon the Veſſels and Boats at Magdebourgh on the Elbe, occaſions much Speculation. Letters have been received here from the Marquis de la Chetardie from Dantzick, of the 30th paſt. He was arrived there under the Name of Baron D'Andrie, his Equipage conſiſting of ſix Carriages.

Camp of Avelghem, Aug. 5, *N. S.* Since our paſſing the Schelde on Friday laſt, we have been obſtructed in our March by the great Number of Incloſures, being obliged to cut the Roads, and make Bridges for the March of the Lines and Columns before we can move from our Camp. This has retarded us one Day, but Orders are given for our marching To-morrow, and placing our Right at Eſpierre, and our Left to extend towards Eſtainbourg or Nechin, as the Situation of the Ground, or the Conveniency of Water, ſhall make it adviſeable. Our Army conſiſts of 69 Battalions, and 112 Squadrons, the Regiments from Mons, Tournay, and Oudenarde, having joined us the Day after we paſſed the Schelde.

Bruſſels, Auguſt 6. By a Letter from an Officer in the Auſtrian Army, dated at Haguenau the 31ſt of July, there is Advice, That by the Acquiſition of Haguenau Prince Charles is become Maſter of all the Lower Alſatia, and in a Situation to prevent the Junction of the French Succours with Marſhal Coigni, and that both the Franche Comté, and Part of Burgundy, were open to the Incurſions of the Auſtrian Huſſars. Letters from Paris mention the taking of Chateau Dauphin by the French and Spaniards, with the Loſs of 4000 Men and a great Number of Officers; but a more authentick Account is expected. On the 3d Inſtant the Center of the Allied Army in Flanders was encamped at Avelghem, between Courtrai and Tournay, and the Quarter Maſters were to reconnoitre the next Morning in order to chuſe another Camp. This Court has received Advice, that the Count de Saxe has ordered three Men out of each Company of the Army to Courtrai, and that they work hard in fortifying that Place.

Bruſſels, Auguſt 10, *N. S.* Since the 6th, the Allied Army has been marching towards Tournay, and the Auſtrian Huſſars have, we hear, taken Poſt at Lannoy in the Territory of Liſle: Upon this Motion ſeveral Parties of French Troops, which lay at Ciſoign, and other Villages about Lannoy, broke up immediately. Some of them marched to Liſle, and the reſt rejoined Count de Saxe's Army. The French continue in their Lines behind the Lys, and fortify Courtrai with great Diligence; but if the Allied Army continues to advance, it is the general Opinion that the Count de Saxe muſt quit his Lines, in order to take Care of the French Frontier; and that thereupon a Battle muſt enſue. There are Letters in Town which ſay, that Prince Lobcowitz has been obliged to break up his Camp. We have no authentick Accounts of Prince Charles's Motions ſince his taking Poſſeſſion of the Lines of Haguenau; but Yeſterday private Letters came in from Mayence, which ſay M. Coigni has quitted Strasbourg, and marched towards Colmar, and that the Prince was advancing towards Schelſtadt. General Prætorius arrived here the 7th at Night, and ſet out early the next Morning for Tournay.

Hague, Auguſt 7, *N. S.* The Letters that came in this Morning bring nothing new nor material from any of the Armies. That of Prince Charles was on the 31ſt paſt ſtill at Haguenau, nor was it at that Time known there with Certainty, to what Place M. Coigni was retired with the Bulk of the Army. The King of Sardinia, after the Loſs of the Poſt of Chateau Dauphin, ſeems by the freſheſt Advices from thoſe Parts, to have aſſembled as many of his Forces as he could get together at St. Pierre in the Valley of Vraita, whilſt M. Pallavicini, after the Entrance of the Enemy by the Barricades, and through the Valley of Stura, is ſaid to have done the ſame with the reſt of the Piedmonteſe Forces under the Cannon of Demont.

Hague, Auguſt 8, *N. S.* Her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs, and his moſt Serene Highneſs the Prince of Orange, ſet out this Day for Rotterdam in their Way to Breda.

Hague, Auguſt 11. The Confederate Army entered upon French Ground laſt Saturday, and extended its Left to the Abbey of Ciſoign, where Count Maurice of Naſſau occupies the ſame Quarters which were ſo lately honoured with the Reſidence of the French King. By the preſent Poſition of the Army, it is in the Center

of

of the French Fortreſſes, none of which are compleatly garriſoned. M. Twickle arrived here laſt Night. We hear that the greateſt Part of the French Regiments, which upon the 19th of laſt Month forced the Intrenchments of la Tour du Pont and Bellino, near Chateau Dauphin, had entirely loſt their Officers; that of the three Battalions of the Regiment of Poitou that were engaged, only 300 had eſcaped; that all the other Regiments had loſt in Proporrion, and that M. de Givri, who commanded them, had received a dangerous Wound in his left Knee. There are Letters from France which mention, that there has been a great Deſertion and Sickneſs amongſt the Troops detached from Flanders to Alſace.

Admiralty Office, Auguſt 3, 1744.

His Majeſty's Sloops the Hound and Vulture, being in Sight of Goree on the 29th paſt, with the Trade under their Convoy bound to Rotterdam, the Hound, Captain Gordon, ſtood after a Snow, which proved to be a French Privateer, of ten Carriage Guns and nine Swivels, with eighty-one Men, which had been three Days out of Dunkirk; ſhe engaged the Hound for an Hour and half, and then ſtruck, having five Men killed, and ſeveral mortally wounded. Captain Gordon alſo retook a Ship which the Privateer had juſt taken.

Whitehall, July 28, 1744.

Whereas it has been humbly repreſented to the King, that a threatening Letter was found this Morning in the Area of the Houſe of William Granger in Leiceſter Fields, in the Pariſh of St. Martin in the Fields, in the County of Middleſex, in the Words following t

" *William Granger*

" *This comes to let you know that if you do not* " *pull down your Signe and Leuve of periwig making* " *before the firſt Day of Auguſt next Wee will do it* " *for you and murder you where ever We ſee you at* " *a convenient Opportunity. I am one of a hundred* " *that has ſigned this July* 26 1744.

J° Reſolute.

His Majeſty, for the better diſcovering and bringing to Juſtice the Perſon or Perſons concerned in Writing or Sending the above Letter, is pleaſed to promiſe his moſt gracious Pardon to any one who ſhall diſcover his or her Accomplice or Accomplices therein, except the Perſon who wrote the ſaid Letter.

CARTERET.

And as a farther Encouragement to ſuch Diſcovery, a Reward of Twenty Pounds will be paid to any Perſon, who ſhall diſcover his or her Accomplice or Accomplices therein, upon Conviction of the Offender or Offenders, by me the ſaid William Granger.

Wm. Granger.

General Poſt-Office, London, July 12, 1744.

Poſt-Chaiſes between London and Oxford, by the Way of Maidenhead and Nettlebed.

This is to acquaint the Publick, that the ſeveral Poſt-Maſters on the Road between London and Oxford, are ready to furniſh Gentlemen and others with Poſt-Chaiſes, ſafe, eaſy, and well ſecured from the Weather, upon as ſhort a Warning as for Poſt Horſes, at any Hour, either of the Day or Night. Gentlemen who have Occaſion to go Poſt on the above Roads, are deſired to apply to Mr. William Miller, Poſt-Maſter at the White Bear in Piccadilly.

A Poſt-Chaiſe may be had at any of the Stages on the Road to Oxford, by the Way of Maidenhead and Nettlebed, to go Part, or all the Way, for one or more Stages, for thoſe who do not chuſe to travel in the Night.

N. B. All Gentlemen that travel in Poſt Chaiſes of their own, upon the Roads, where Poſt-Chaiſes are already ſet up by the Authority of this Office, may be ſupplied with Horſes at the ſeveral Stages on thoſe Roads at the Rate of Nine Pence per Mile.

By Command of the Poſt-Maſter-General,

Geo. Shelvocke, *Sec.*

General Poſt-Office, London, July 25, 1744.

Poſt-Chaiſes between London and Norwich, and London and Cambridge.

This is to acquaint the Publick, That the ſeveral Poſt-Maſters on the Road between London and Norwich, and London and Cambridge, are ready to furniſh Gentlemen or others with Poſt-Chaiſes, ſafe, eaſy, and well ſecured from the Weather, upon as ſhort a Warning as for Poſt Horſes, at any Hour, either of the Day or Night. Gentlemen who have Occaſion to go Poſt on the above Roads, are deſired to apply to Mr. Roberts, at the Black Bull in Whitechappel.

A Poſt-Chaiſe may be had at any of the Stages on the Norwich or Cambridge Roads, to go Part, or all the Way, for one or more Stages, for thoſe who do not chuſe to travel in the Night.

N. B. All Gentlemen that travel in Poſt Chaiſes of their own, upon the Roads where Poſt-Chaiſes are already ſet up by the Authority of this Office, may be ſupplied with Horſes at the ſeveral Stages on thoſe Roads, at the Rate of Nine Pence per Mile.

By Command of the Poſt-Maſter-General,

Geo. Shelvocke, *Sec.*

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majeſty's Ship the Romney, (Thomas Grenville, Eſq; Commander) who were on Board at the taking a Spaniſh Prize called the L'Sta Roſe, that they may receive their reſpective Shares of the Produce of the ſaid Prize and her Cargo, at the Sign of the King's Arms on Great Tower Hill, of Mr. Samuel Savage, Agent, on the 11th *Day of September* 1744. *And that the Shares of ſuch as are not then demanded, may be received by the Parties, or their lawful Attornies, at the ſaid Houſe, on the firſt Thurſday in every Month for three Years after.*

Advertiſements.

Dr. *ANDERSON*'s, or, The Famous *SCOTS* PILLS;

ARE faithfully prepared only by D. INGLISH, at the Unicorn, over-againſt the New Church in the Strand, London; and to prevent Counterfeits from Scotland, as well as in and about London, you are deſired to take Notice, That the true Pills have their Boxes ſealed on the Top (in black Wax) with a Lyon Rampant, and Three Mullets Argent, Dr. Anderſon's Head betwixt I. I. with his Name round it, and Iſabella Engliſh underneath the Shield in a Scroll. They are of excellent Uſe in all Caſes, where Purging is neceſſary, and may be taken with Epſom, Tunbridge, or other Medicinal Waters.

NOTICE is hereby given, purſuant to a Statute made in the Eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty, entitled, An Act for the Amendment of the Law relating to Actions on the Statute of Hue and Cry, That Walter Lake the Younger, of Andover, in the County of Southampton, Baker, was robbed on Thurſday the Twenty-ſixth Day of July laſt, about Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon, in a certain Lane called Spiny, otherwiſe Spiny Oak Lane, in the Hundred of Godly, in the County of Surry, in the Road between Chobham and Weybridge, in the ſaid County of Surry, of Eighty-two Guineas, Two half Guineas, Seven Portugal Pieces called Moidores, of the Value of Twenty-ſeven Shillings each, and four other Portugal Pieces, of the Value of Thirty-ſix Shillings each, making in the whole One Hundred and Three Pounds and Sixteen Shillings, by a luſty Man in his own Hair, as is thought, marked with the Small-